

Fund Data

Investment Policy

The Fund invests the majority of its assets in equities of international companies in the fields of medical technology, building and energy efficiency, automation and robotics, infrastructure and e-commerce/globalization. The Fund management of DWS Invest Smart Industrial Technologies seeks to achieve the highest possible capital growth.

Fund Management's Comment

For detailed comments on the fund and its corresponding markets please see the annual report.

Morningstar Style-Box™



Investment Style

Morningstar Category™

Sector Equity Industrial Materials

Ratings

(As at: 30/12/2020)

Morningstar Overall Rating™:

Performance

Performance - Share Class LC(EUR)

(in %)



Fund

Benchmark: MSCI World Industrials Net TR (RI)

Past performance is no indication of current or future performance, and the performance data do not take account of the commissions and costs incurred on the issue and redemption of units.

Cumulative performance (in %) - share class LC(EUR)

	1 m	1 y	3 y	5 y	s. Inception	YTD	3 y avg	5 y avg	2019	2020
EUR	-0.5	11.2	--	--	31.7	-0.5	--	--	32.1	12.9
BM IN EUR	-1.5	-0.3	--	--	20.9	-1.5	--	--	31.5	2.1

Portfolio Analysis

Breakdown by Sector (Equities)	(in % of fund volume)	Principal Holdings (Equities)	(in % of fund volume)
Portfolio Breakdown according to MSCI			
Industrial Machinery	13.5	Honeywell International Inc (Industrial Conglomera	2.7
Aerospace & Defence	11.2	Central Japan Railway Co (Railroads)	2.4
Industrial Conglomerates	8.3	Raytheon Technologies Corp (Aerospace & Defen	2.4
Construction/Farm Machinery/Railroads	8.2	Alstom SA (Construction/Farm Machinery/Heavy T	2.3
Railroads	7.4	Siemens AG (Industrial Conglomerates)	2.2
Air Freight & Logistics	5.4	General Electric Co (Industrial Conglomerates)	2.1
Electronic Equipment & Instru	4.9	United Parcel Service Inc (Air Freight & Logistics)	2.1
Semiconductors	4.6	FANUC CORP (Industrial Machinery)	2.1
Application Software	4.2	Airbus SE (Aerospace & Defence)	2.0
Electrical Components & Equi	3.1	Vinci SA (Construction & Engineering)	2.0
Other Sectors	24.9	Total	22.3
Gross weighting, not adjusted for derivative positions.		Gross weighting, not adjusted for derivative positions.	

Breakdown by Country (Equities)

(in % of fund volume)

USA	42.7
Japan	17.0
Germany	12.6
France	7.7
Sweden	3.5
Netherlands	3.4
Canada	2.0
Great Britain	1.9
Ireland	1.6
Finland	1.3
Taiwan	1.1
Other Countries	1.0

Gross weighting, not adjusted for derivative positions.

Asset Allocation

(in % of fund volume)

Equities	95.8
Cash and other assets	4.2

Portfolio Analysis

Breakdown by Currency	(in % of fund volume)	Market Capitalization	(in % of fund volume)
United States dollar	47.5	> 10 Bn.	78.1
Euro	26.6	> 5 Bn. < 10 Bn.	8.2
Japanese yen	16.9	> 1 Bn. < 5 Bn.	9.0
Swedish krona	3.4	< 1 Bn.	0.5
Pound sterling	3.4		
Canadian dollar	2.0		
Danish krone	0.1		

Incl. forward exchange transactions, negative and positive figures reflect expected currency developments.

Gross weighting, not adjusted for derivative positions. The calculation is based on Euro.

Key Figures regarding the Fund's Assets

Number of Shares	80	Dividend Yield (in %)	1.0	Ø Market Cap	52,661.7 Mio. EUR
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Cumulative performance (in %)

	1 m	1 y	3 y	5 y	s. Inception	YTD	3 y avg	5 y avg	2019	2020
FC(EUR)	-0.5	12.2	--	--	34.3	-0.5	--	--	33.2	13.9
LC(EUR)	-0.5	11.2	--	--	31.7	-0.5	--	--	32.1	12.9
LD(EUR)	-0.5	11.3	--	--	31.7	-0.5	--	--	32.1	12.9
NC(EUR)	-0.6	10.6	--	--	39.0	-0.6	--	--	31.3	12.3
TFC(EUR)	-0.5	12.2	--	--	29.6	-0.5	--	--	--	13.9
USD TFCH(USD)	-0.5	14.2	--	--	22.8	-0.5	--	--	--	16.0

Fund Data

Portfolio Manager	Marcus Poppe	Assets	10.5 Mio. EUR
Portfolio Manager since	02/11/2018	Fund Currency	EUR
Portfolio Management Company	DWS Investment GmbH	Launch Date	02/11/2018
Portfolio Management Location	Luxembourg	Fiscal Year End	31/12/2021
Management Company	DWS Investment S.A.	Investor profile	Risk-tolerant
Legal Structure	SICAV	Fund Domicile	Luxembourg
Custodian	State Street Bank GmbH, Lux.		

Share Classes

Share Class	Cur.	ISIN Code	Swiss Sec. No.	Earnings	Front-end Load ¹ up to	Redemption Price	Management Fee	Running costs / TER	plus performance-related fee	Minimum Investment Amount
FC	EUR	LU1891277821	44433970	Accumulation	0.00%	134.29	0.750%	0.89% (1)	--	2,000,000
LC	EUR	LU1891278043	44433973	Accumulation	5.00%	131.68	1.500%	1.74% (1)	--	--
LD	EUR	LU1891278472	44433974	Distribution	5.00%	131.15	1.500%	1.75% (1)	--	--
NC	EUR	LU1914383705	45422621	Accumulation	3.00%	139.04	2.000%	2.22% (1)	--	--
TFC	EUR	LU1980276692	47971879	Accumulation	0.00%	129.62	0.750%	0.89% (1)	--	--
USD TFCH	USD	LU2025537536	49944406	Accumulation	0.00%	122.76	0.750%	0.92% (1)	--	--

(1) The Total Expense Ratio (TER) generally includes all expense items charged to the Fund apart from transaction costs and performance fees. If the Fund invests a substantial part of its assets in target funds, the costs of the respective funds and payments received by them will also be taken into account. The Fund incurred the total expenses listed here in its last financial year which ended on 31/12/2020. They are subject to change from year to year.

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Note

¹ Based on the gross investment.

The collective investment scheme referred to in this document is a fund under foreign law that is licensed for public distribution in Switzerland. Information on the domicile is available in the general fund information. Prospective investors can obtain a copy of the current sales prospectus, including the terms of contract or management regulations, the articles of association, the Key investor document and the annual and semi-annual report free of charge from the representative in Switzerland, DWS CH AG, Hardstrasse 201, CH-8005 Zurich.

Opportunities

In accordance with the investment policy.

Risks

- The fund invests in equities. Equities are subject to strong price fluctuations and thus also to the risk of price decreases.

Please note that the information from Morningstar and Lipper Leaders relates to the previous month.

Morningstar Overall Rating™

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General information

When the custodian sets the price on the last trading day of the month there can be a difference of up to ten hours between the times at which the fund price and the benchmark are calculated. In the event of strong market movements during this period, this may result in the over- or understatement of the Fund's performance relative to the benchmark at the end of the month (this is referred to as the "pricing effect").

Subscriptions can only be made and units held in accordance with the terms set out in the current version of the sales prospectus or Key investor document.

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Prospective investors in funds can obtain the sales prospectus, the Key investor document and the annual and semi-annual reports free of charge from the representative in Switzerland, DWS CH AG, Hardstrasse 201, CH-8005 Zurich.

For detailed information on the related risks, please consult the sales prospectus and the Key investor document. The information contained therein is based on our assessment of the present legal and tax environment. The views and opinions presented here represent the most recent estimates of DWS or any of its subsidiaries and are subject to change at any time without prior notice.

Units issued in a collective investment scheme may only be offered for sale or purchase in jurisdictions where the sale or purchase thereof is permitted. Accordingly, the US Securities Act of 1933 in its current form contains a prohibition on units in this collective investment scheme, and as such, they may not be offered, sold or distributed in the United States to US citizens or residents of the United States.

Subsequent transfers of units within the US or to US citizens or residents are also prohibited. This document may not be brought into circulation in the US.

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General Risk Warnings

Any investment in units of a collective investment scheme entails or is associated with equity market, bond market, exchange rate, interest rate, credit, volatility and political risks. Each of these risks may appear in connection with other risks. A brief description of some of these risk factors is provided below.

Prospective investors should have previous experience with the financial instruments that are in use in the specified investment policy. Investors should fully understand the risks associated with investments in fund units and only make investment decisions after consulting with their legal, tax, financial or other advisors in regards to (i) the suitability of an investment in units in view of their personal tax and financial position and/or other circumstances; (ii) the information contained in this prospectus; (iii) the investment policy of the collective investment scheme; and (iv) the risks associated with the investment under the planned investment policy presented by the collective investment scheme.

Please note that investments in collective investment schemes entail both opportunities on the upside and risks on the downside. Units of collective investment schemes are securities and as such their value fluctuates with the rise and fall in the value of the underlying assets. The value of the units may accordingly rise above or fall below the purchase price. No guarantee therefore is given that the objectives of the investment policy will be achieved. Past performance is not necessarily a guide to future returns.

Alpha

A measure of the difference between the risk-adjusted return on an investment and a benchmark. The alpha measures the part of the performance that cannot be explained by market movements or market risk, but rather is derived from the selection of securities within the market. Alpha is a way of measuring the active contribution to performance made by the portfolio manager. It is also a good yardstick to use when comparing several funds. The figure is calculated on a 3-yearly basis.

Average dividend yield

Measures the average dividend amount, based on the current share price. This figure is calculated based on the shares (including ADRs/GDRs - > Depositary receipts) and REITs contained in a fund.

Average market capitalization

Measures the average market capitalization of the shares, REITs and ADRs/GDRs (depositary receipts) contained in a fund. The market capitalization represents the total market value of a company as determined by multiplying the number of shares issued by the current share price.

Beta factor

A measure of sensitivity - given as the average percentage change in the price of a fund when the market (benchmark) rises or falls by 1%. A value over (under) 1 means that on average the fund exhibits more (less) volatility than the benchmark. The figure is calculated on a 3-yearly basis.

Correlation coefficient

Describes the degree to which two values (fund versus benchmark) move in the same direction. The value of the correlation coefficient is between -1 and +1. A correlation of +1 means that the fund generally moves in the same direction as the benchmark, while -1 indicates that the fund generally moves in the opposite direction. A correlation of 0 means that there is no relation between the price movements of the fund and the benchmark. The figure is calculated on a 3-yearly basis.

Current interest yield

The current interest yield differs from the nominal interest rate because securities are bought at a price that can be higher or lower than their nominal value. Since interest is always paid on the nominal value, the following calculation is used: $(\text{interest rate} \times 100) / \text{price} = \text{effective yield}$.

Duration (in years/in months)

A measure of the sensitivity of an investment to changes in interest rates. Duration, which was developed by Frederick Macaulay, is the average period for which invested capital is committed. Because of the interest payable over time on the invested capital, duration is shorter than -> maturity. This version of duration is used in DWS Top Reporting and refers to invested assets (without "Cash and other holdings").

Information ratio

The information ratio measures the difference between the annualized average return of the fund and that of the benchmark, divided by the Tracking error. The higher this value is, the more the investor compensated for the risk in the fund. The figure is calculated on a 3-yearly basis.

Maturity (in years/in months)

The amount of time until the maturity of an obligation, such as a bond. Refers to invested fund assets (without "Cash and other holdings").

Maximum drawdown

The maximum drawdown is the largest percentage drop in value in a given period of time. It measures the amount the fund falls from its highest point to its lowest point in the selected timeframe. The figure is calculated on a 3-yearly basis.

Modified duration (in years/in months)

Serves as a measure of interest-rate sensitivity. Modified duration indicates the percentage change in price of a bond (in a portfolio) when the market interest rate changes by 1%. In order to calculate the percentage change in the bond price, the modified duration of the bond is multiplied by the percentage change in the interest rate. This figure helps investors assess the risks and opportunities of a bond at a glance.

Sharpe ratio

A measure of risk developed by William F. Sharpe, defined as the excess return on an investment over that of a risk-free investment in relation to the risk of the investment. The higher the Sharpe ratio, the higher the return the investor receives for the risk the investment carries (expressed in volatility). The Sharpe ratio can be used to compare multiple funds. The figure is calculated on a 3-yearly basis.

Tracking error

The tracking error is the standard deviation of the yield differential between a fund and its benchmark. This makes it a measure of how well the fund manager tracks the benchmark. The figure is calculated on a 3-yearly basis.

VaR (Value at Risk)

A measure of risk that indicates the maximum fund losses with a given probability for a given period of time (holding period). VaR is calculated on the basis of the daily prices of the individual securities contained in the portfolio for a year.

Yield

The yield is the annual return on a capital investment, measured as the actual interest earned (effective yield) on the capital invested. It is based on the fund's income (e.g., interest, dividends, realized capital gains) and change in the price of the assets held in the fund. The yield of a fund is

derived from the invested assets (without "Cash and other holdings") and is presented as a "gross" figure, i.e., before the deduction of total expenses/fee.

Volatility

Volatility expresses the degree to which the yield on an investment (the price performance of a fund, for example) varies from a mean value in a specific period of time. This makes it a measure of fund risk. The greater the variation from the mean, the higher the volatility. Knowing the volatility allows investors to assess how uncertain the return potential of an investment is. The figure is calculated on a 3-yearly basis.